SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : SikaTack® ELITE Part A
Company name : Sika Corporation
201 Polito Avenue
Lyndhurst, NJ 07071
USA
www.sikausa.com

Telephone : (201) 933-8800
Telefax : (201) 804-1076
E-mail address : ehs@sika-corp.com
Emergency telephone : CHEMTREC: 800-424-9300
INTERNATIONAL: 703-527-3887

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use : For further information, refer to product data sheet.

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200
Respiratory sensitization : Category 1
Skin sensitization : Category 1

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms :

Signal Word : Danger
Hazard Statements : H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Precautionary Statements :
Prevention:
P261 Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapors/ spray.
P272 Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
P280 Wear protective gloves.
P284 Wear respiratory protection.

Response:
P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P342 + P311 If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

**Disposal:**
P501 Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

**Additional Labeling**
There are no ingredients with unknown acute toxicity used in a mixture at a concentration \( \geq 1\% \).

**Other hazards**
None known.

### SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

**Mixtures**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4,4’-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate</td>
<td>101-68-8</td>
<td>Acute Tox. 4; H332 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2B; H320 Resp. Sens. 1; H334 Skin Sens. 1; H317 STOT SE 3; H335 STOT RE 2; H373</td>
<td>( \geq 0.1 - &lt; 1 )</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aliphatic polyisocyanate</td>
<td>28182-81-2</td>
<td>Acute Tox. 4; H332 Skin Sens. 1; H317 STOT SE 3; H335</td>
<td>( \geq 0.1 - &lt; 1 )</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Actual concentration is withheld as a trade secret

### SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**General advice:**
Move out of dangerous area.
Consult a physician.
Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

**If inhaled:**
Move to fresh air.
Consult a physician after significant exposure.

**In case of skin contact:**
Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately.
Wash off with soap and plenty of water.
If symptoms persist, call a physician.
In case of eye contact: Remove contact lenses. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

If swallowed: Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Obtain medical attention.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: sensitizing effects Asthmatic appearance Allergic reactions May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

Further information: Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters: In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Use personal protective equipment. Deny access to unprotected persons.

Environmental precautions: Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up: Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Advice on protection against fire and explosion: Normal measures for preventive fire protection.
Advice on safe handling:
- Do not breathe vapors or spray mist.
- Avoid exceeding the given occupational exposure limits (see section 8).
- Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.
- For personal protection see section 8.
- Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.
- Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.
- Follow standard hygiene measures when handling chemical products.

Conditions for safe storage:
- Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.
- Store in accordance with local regulations.

Further information on storage stability:
- No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4,4'-methylene diphenyl diisocyanate</td>
<td>101-68-8</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>0.005 ppm</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>C</td>
<td>0.02 ppm 0.2 mg/m3</td>
<td>OSHA Z-1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The above constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

Engineering measures:
- Use of adequate ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. If the use of this product generates dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure below any recommended or statutory limits.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection:
- Use a properly fitted NIOSH approved air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

The filter class for the respirator must be suitable for the max-
maximum expected contaminant concentration (gas/vapor/aerosol/particulates) that may arise when handling the product. If this concentration is exceeded, self-contained breathing apparatus must be used.

Hand protection
Remarks: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Eye protection: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Skin and body protection: Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the specific work-place.

Hygiene measures: Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Wash thoroughly after handling.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appearance</td>
<td>paste</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Color</td>
<td>black</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor</td>
<td>odorless</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor Threshold</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting point/range / Freezing point</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boiling point/boiling range</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
<td>&gt; 214 °F / 101 °C (Method: closed cup)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation rate</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (solid, gas)</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit : No data available

Vapor pressure : 0.01 hpa

Relative vapor density : No data available

Density : ca. 1.26 g/cm³ (68 °F / 20 °C)

Solubility(ies)
   Water solubility : insoluble
   Solubility in other solvents : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : No data available

Autoignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity
   Viscosity, dynamic : not determined
   Viscosity, kinematic : > 20.5 mm²/s (104 °F / 40 °C)

Explosive properties : No data available

Oxidizing properties : No data available

Volatile organic compounds (VOC) content : 16 g/l
SikaTack® ELITE Part A + PowerCure Shoulder with SikaBooster P-50 Part B Combined.

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Chemical stability : The product is chemically stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions : Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Conditions to avoid : No data available

Incompatible materials : No data available

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity
Not classified based on available information.
Components:

4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate:
- Acute inhalation toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: 1.5 mg/l
  Test atmosphere: dust/mist
  Method: Expert judgment

Aliphatic polyisocyanate:
- Acute oral toxicity: LD50 Oral (Rat): > 2,500 mg/kg
- Acute inhalation toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: 1.5 mg/l
  Test atmosphere: dust/mist
  Method: Expert judgment
- Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 Dermal (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization
May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory sensitization
May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Carcinogenicity
Not classified based on available information.

IARC
- Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans
  carbon black 1333-86-4

OSHA
Not applicable

NTP
Not applicable

Reproductive toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

STOT-single exposure
Not classified based on available information.

STOT-repeated exposure
Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.
Further information

**Product:**

**Remarks:** Carbon black (1333-86-4)

**Animal Toxicity:**
- Rat, oral, duration 2 year  
  Effect: no tumors
- Mouse, oral, duration 2 years  
  Effect: no tumors
- Mouse, dermal, duration 18 months  
  Effect: no skin tumors
- Rat, inhalation, duration 2 years  
  Target organ: lungs  
  Effect: inflammation, fibrosis, tumors

Note: Tumors in the rat lung are considered to be related to the "particle overload phenomenon" rather than to a specific chemical effect of carbon black itself in the lung. These effects in rats have been reported in many studies on other poorly soluble inorganic particles and appear to be rat specific. Tumors have not been observed in other species (i.e., mouse and hamster) for carbon black or other poorly soluble particles under similar circumstances and study conditions.

**Mortality studies (human data):** A study on carbon black production workers in the UK (Sorahan, 2001) found an increased risk of lung cancer in two of the five plants studied; however, the increase was not related to the dose of carbon black. Thus, the authors did not consider the increased risk in lung cancer to be due to carbon black exposure. A German study of carbon black workers at one plant (Morfeld, 2006; Buechte, 2006) found a similar increase in lung cancer risk but, like the Sorahan, 2001 (UK study) found no association with carbon black exposure. A large US study of 18 plants showed a reduction in lung cancer risk in carbon black production workers (DEll, 2006). Based upon these studies, the February 2006 Working Group at the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) concluded that the human evidence for carcinogenicity was inadequate (IARC, 2010).

Since the IARC evaluation of carbon black, Sorahan and Harrington (2007) have re-analyzed the UK study data using an alternative exposure hypothesis and found a positive association with carbon black exposure in two of the five plants. The same exposure hypothesis was applied by Morfeld and McCunney (2009) to the German cohort; in contrast, they found no association between carbon black exposure and lung cancer risk and, thus, no support for the alternative exposure hypothesis used by Sorahan and Harrington.

Overall, as a result of these detailed investigations, no causal link between carbon black exposure and cancer risk in humans has been demonstrated.

**IARC CANCER CLASSIFICATION:** In 2006 IARC re-affirmed its 1995 finding that there is "inadequate evidence" from human health studies to assess whether carbon black causes cancer in humans. IARC concluded that there is "sufficient
evidence" in experimental animal studies for the carcinogenicity of carbon black. IARC's overall evaluation is that carbon black is "possibly carcinogenic to humans" (Group 2B)". This conclusion was based on IARC's guidelines, which generally require such a classification if one species exhibits carcinogenicity in two or more animal studies (IARC, 2010).

Solvent extracts of carbon black were used in one study of rats in which skin tumors were found after dermal application and several studies of mice in which sarcomas were found following subcutaneous injection. IARC concluded that there was "sufficient evidence" that carbon black extracts can cause cancer in animals (Group 2B).

ICGIH CANCER CLASSIFICATION: Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans (Category A3 Carcinogen).

ASSESSMENT: Applying the guidelines of self-classification under the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals, carbon black is not classified as a carcinogen. Lung tumors are induced in rats as a result of repeated exposure to inert, poorly soluble particles like carbon black and other poorly soluble particles. Rats tumors are a result of a secondary non-genotoxic mechanism that has questionable relevance for classification in humans. In support of this opinion, the CLP Guidance for Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure (STOT-RE), cites lung overload under mechanisms not relevant to humans. Human health studies show that exposure to carbon black does not increase the risk to carcinogenicity.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity
No data available

Persistence and degradability
No data available

Bioaccumulative potential
No data available

Mobility in soil
No data available

Other adverse effects

Product:
Additional ecological information : Do not empty into drains; dispose of this material and its container in a safe way. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
Waste from residues : Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

IATA-DGR
Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code
Not regulated as a dangerous good

Domestic regulation

49 CFR
Not regulated as a dangerous good

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

TSCA list : All chemical substances in this product are either listed on the TSCA Inventory or are in compliance with a TSCA Inventory exemption.

EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know

CERCLA Reportable Quantity
This material does not contain any components with a CERCLA RQ.

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity
This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity
This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards : Respiratory or skin sensitization

SARA 313 : This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.
Clean Air Act
This product does not contain any hazardous air pollutants (HAP), as defined by the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 112 (40 CFR 61).

California Prop 65

| WARNING: | Cancer and Reproductive Harm - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov |

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of other abbreviations
ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
OSHA P0 : USA. OSHA - TABLE Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants - 1910.1000
OSHA Z-1 : USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants
ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average
OSHA P0 / C : Ceiling limit
OSHA Z-1 / C : Ceiling

Notes to Reader
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Revision Date 09/11/2019

100000008428

US / Z8