Sikaflex®-2c SL Part A

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SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name	:	Sikaflex®-2c SL Part A
Company name	:	Sika Corporation 201 Polito Avenue Lyndhurst, NJ 07071 USA www.sikausa.com
Telephone	:	(201) 933-8800
Telefax	:	(201) 804-1076
E-mail address	:	ehs@sika-corp.com
Emergency telephone	:	CHEMTREC: 800-424-9300 INTERNATIONAL: +1-703-527-3887
Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use	:	For further information, refer to product data sheet.

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Eye irritation	:	Category 2A
Carcinogenicity (Inhalation)	:	Category 1A
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Inhalation)	:	Category 2

Other hazards
Intentional misuse by deliberate concentration and inhalation of vapor may be harmful or fatal.

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :

Signal Word : Danger

Hazard Statements : H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H350 May cause cancer by inhalation.
H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

Precautionary Statements :

Prevention:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P260 Do not breathe mist or vapors.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection/ hearing protection.

Response:

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.

Storage:

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Additional Labeling

There are no ingredients with unknown acute toxicity used in a mixture at a concentration >= 1%.

Intentional misuse by deliberate concentration and inhalation of vapor may be harmful or fatal.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Mixtures

Components

Chemical name	CAS No./Unique ID	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
xylene	1330-20-7	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 Acute Tox. 4; H332 Acute Tox. 4; H312 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2A; H319	>= 1 - <= 5

		STOT SE 3; H335 STOT RE 2; H373 Asp. Tox. 1; H304	
aluminium sulphate	10043-01-3	Met. Corr. 1; H290 Eye Dam. 1; H318	>= 1 - <= 5
ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Flam. Liq. 2; H225 Acute Tox. 4; H332 Carc. 2; H351 STOT RE 2; H373 Asp. Tox. 1; H304 Eye Irrit. 2A; H319	>= 0.5 - <= 1.5
Quartz (SiO2)	14808-60-7	Carc. 1A; H350 STOT RE 1; H372 STOT SE 3; H335	>= 0.1 - <= 1

Actual concentration is withheld as a trade secret

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice	:	Move out of dangerous area. Consult a physician. Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.
If inhaled	:	Move to fresh air. Consult a physician after significant exposure.
In case of skin contact	:	Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Wash off with soap and plenty of water. If symptoms persist, call a physician.
In case of eye contact	:	Immediately flush eye(s) with plenty of water. Remove contact lenses. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.
If swallowed	:	Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	:	irritant effects Excessive lachrymation Causes serious eye irritation. May cause cancer by inhalation. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.
Notes to physician	:	Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Hazardous combustion products	:	No hazardous combustion products are known
Further information	:	Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	:	Use personal protective equipment. Deny access to unprotected persons.
Environmental precautions	:	Try to prevent the material from entering drains or water courses. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Advice on protection against fire and explosion	:	Normal measures for preventive fire protection.
Advice on safe handling	:	Avoid exceeding the given occupational exposure limits (see section 8). Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. For personal protection see section 8. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area. Follow standard hygiene measures when handling chemical products.
Conditions for safe storage	:	Store in original container. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and

kept upright to prevent leakage.
Observe label precautions.
Store in accordance with local regulations.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
xylene	1330-20-7	TWA	100 ppm 435 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
		TWA	20 ppm	ACGIH
		STEL	150 ppm 655 mg/m3	OSHA P0
		TWA	100 ppm 435 mg/m3	OSHA P0
aluminium sulphate	10043-01-3	TWA	2 mg/m3 (Aluminum)	OSHA P0
ethylbenzene	100-41-4	TWA	100 ppm 435 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
		TWA	100 ppm 435 mg/m3	OSHA P0
		STEL	125 ppm 545 mg/m3	OSHA P0
		TWA	20 ppm	ACGIH
Quartz (SiO2)	14808-60-7	TWA (Respirable particulate matter)	0.025 mg/m3	ACGIH
		TWA (Respirable dust)	0.05 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
		TWA (respirable)	10 mg/m3 / %SiO2+2	OSHA Z-3
		TWA (respirable)	250 mppcf / %SiO2+5	OSHA Z-3
		TWA (respirable dust fraction)	0.1 mg/m3	OSHA P0
		TWA (Respirable particulate matter)	0.025 mg/m3 (Silica)	ACGIH
		PEL (respirable)	0.05 mg/m3	OSHA CARC
		TWA (respirable dust fraction)	0.1 mg/m3	OSHA P0

		TWA (Respirable particulate matter)	0.025 mg/m3	ACGIH
		TWA (Respirable particulate matter)	0.025 mg/m3 (Silica)	ACGIH

The above constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

Engineering measures : Use of adequate ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. If the use of this product generates dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure below any recommended or statutory limits.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : Use a properly fitted NIOSH approved air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

The filter class for the respirator must be suitable for the maximum expected contaminant concentration (gas/vapor/aerosol/particulates) that may arise when handling the product. If this concentration is exceeded, self-contained breathing apparatus must be used.

Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Eye protection : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Skin and body protection : Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the specific work-place.

Hygiene measures : Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.
Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Sikaflex®-2c SL Part A

Physical state	:	viscous liquid
Color	:	various
Odor	:	aromatic
Odor Threshold	:	No data available
pH	:	Not applicable
Melting point/ range / Freezing point	:	No data available
Boiling point/boiling range	:	No data available
Flash point	:	216 °F / 102 °C (Method: closed cup)
Evaporation rate	:	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	No data available
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	:	No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	No data available
Vapor pressure	:	0.01 hpa
Relative vapor density	:	No data available
Density	:	1.6 g/cm3 (68 °F / 20 °C)
Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	:	insoluble
Solubility in other solvents	:	No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	No data available
Autoignition temperature	:	No data available
Decomposition temperature	:	No data available
Viscosity		
Dynamic	:	No data available
Kinematic	:	> 20.5 mm2/s (104 °F / 40 °C)
Explosive properties	:	No data available

Oxidizing properties	:	No data available
Particle size	:	No data available
Particle Size Distribution	:	No data available
Volatile organic compounds (VOC) content	:	80 g/l A+B Combined

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	:	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Chemical stability	:	The product is chemically stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Stable under recommended storage conditions.
Conditions to avoid	:	No data available
Incompatible materials	:	No data available
Hazardous decomposition products	:	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity
Not classified due to lack of data.

Components:

xylene:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 Oral (Rat): 3,523 mg/kg

aluminium sulphate:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 Oral (Rat): 1,930 mg/kg

ethylbenzene:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 Oral (Rat): 3,500 mg/kg
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 Dermal (Rabbit): 5,510 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation
Not classified due to lack of data.

Components:

aluminium sulphate:
Result : Skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization
Not classified due to lack of data.

Respiratory sensitization
Not classified due to lack of data.

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified due to lack of data.

Carcinogenicity
May cause cancer by inhalation.

IARC	Group 1: Carcinogenic to humans Quartz (SiO2) (Silica dust, crystalline)	14808-60-7
	Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans Titanium dioxide (> 10 µm)	13463-67-7
	Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans ethylbenzene	100-41-4
OSHA	OSHA specifically regulated carcinogen Quartz (SiO2) (crystalline silica)	14808-60-7
NTP	Known to be human carcinogen Quartz (SiO2) (Silica, Crystalline (Respirable Size))	14808-60-7

Reproductive toxicity
Not classified due to lack of data.

STOT-single exposure
Not classified due to lack of data.

STOT-repeated exposure
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified due to lack of data.

Further information

Product:

Remarks : Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)
In lifetime inhalation studies of rats, airborne respirable-size titanium dioxide particles have shown to cause an increase in lung tumors at concentrations associated with substantial particle lung burdens and consequential pulmonary overload and inflammation. The potential for these adverse health effects appears to be closely related to the particle size and the amount of the exposed surface area that comes into contact with the lung. However, tests with other laboratory animals such as mice and hamsters, indicate that rats are significantly more susceptible to the pulmonary overload and inflammation that causes lung cancer. Epidemiological studies do not suggest an increased risk of cancer in humans from occupational exposure to titanium dioxide. Titanium dioxide has been characterized by IARC as possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B) through inhalation (not ingestion). It has not been characterized as a potential carcinogen by either NTP or OSHA.

Quartz (14808-60-7): This classification is relevant when exposed to Quartz (silicon dioxide) in dust or powder form only, including cured product that is subject to sanding, grinding, cutting, or other surface preparation activities.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

xylene:

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 1.3 mg/l
Exposure time: 56 d

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Daphnia): 1.17 mg/l
Exposure time: 7 d

Persistence and degradability

No data available

Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

Product:

Additional ecological information	:	Do not empty into drains; dispose of this material and its container in a safe way. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues	:	Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.
Contaminated packaging	:	Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

IATA-DGR
Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code
Not regulated as a dangerous good

Domestic regulation

49 CFR Road
Not regulated as a dangerous good

Special precautions for user
Not applicable

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

TSCA list	:	All chemical substances in this product are either listed as active on the TSCA Inventory or are in compliance with a TSCA Inventory exemption.

The following substance(s) is/are subject to a Significant New Use Rule:

4-methyl-m-phenylene diisocyanate	584-84-9	Proposed Rule; See 40 CFR § 721.10789; 80 FR 2077, January 15, 2015Proposed Rule
2-methyl-m-phenylene diisocyanate	91-08-7	See 40 CFR § 721.10789; Proposed

RuleProposed Rule

No substances are subject to TSCA 12(b) export notification requirements.

CERCLA Reportable Quantity

Components	CAS-No.	Component RQ (lbs)
xylene	1330-20-7	100

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

Listed substances in the product are at low enough levels to not be expected to exceed the RQ

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards : Carcinogenicity
Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)
Serious eye damage or eye irritation

SARA 313 : The following components are subject to reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313:

xylene	1330-20-7	>= 1 - < 5 %
ethylbenzene	100-41-4	>= 0.1 - < 1 %

Clean Air Act

The following chemical(s) are listed as HAP under the U.S. Clean Air Act, Section 112 (40 CFR 61):

xylene	1330-20-7	>= 1 - < 5 %

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Titanium dioxide, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer, and 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C9-11-branched alkyl esters, C10-rich, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH	:	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
OSHA CARC	:	OSHA Specifically Regulated Chemicals/Carcinogens
OSHA P0	:	USA. Table Z-1-A Limits for Air Contaminants (1989 vacated values)
OSHA Z-1	:	USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants
OSHA Z-3	:	USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-3 Mineral Dusts

ACGIH / TWA	:	8-hour, time-weighted average
OSHA CARC / PEL	:	Permissible exposure limit (PEL)
OSHA P0 / TWA	:	8-hour time weighted average
OSHA P0 / STEL	:	Short-term exposure limit
OSHA Z-1 / TWA	:	8-hour time weighted average
OSHA Z-3 / TWA	:	8-hour time weighted average

Notes to Reader

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