

LaHabra®



NFPA 285 COMPLIANT

WALL SYSTEMS AND ASSEMBLIES

BUILDING TRUST



SOLUTIONS FOR NON-COMBUSTIBLE CONSTRUCTION

Creating non-combustible exterior wall assemblies has become increasingly challenging as building design has evolved toward greater levels of energy efficiency. To meet the requirements of the International Energy Conservation Code, buildings have incorporated air/water-resistive barriers on exterior sheathing and CMU walls, together with extensive use of exterior insulation. In addition to improving energy efficiency, these changes can provide effective moisture management by incorporating an airtight secondary drainage plane, and by moving the dew point of the wall assembly outside of the drainage plane.

However, both the air/water-resistive barrier and many types of exterior insulation are made from organic materials that are combustible. One challenge for design professionals is to incorporate combustible materials into noncombustible construction in a way that reliably provides the fire performance required by the International Building Code.

LaHabra Pebbletex CI-DCA, Pebbletex CI-DCA with MaxGrip Veneer Adhesive and Fastwall HE WaterMaster with Drain Mat Wall Systems have been comprehensively qualified for use in non-combustible construction. When installed per Sika details and instructions, they provide code-compliant fire performance as listed on system brochures. This extensive set of performance data is steadily updated as local and national fire standards evolve.







LaHabra specialty finishes are available in brick, stone, metal, and stucco motifs. Dynamic aesthetics combined with continuous exterior insulation and a monolithic air/water-resistive barrier create impressive lightweight, high-performance building enclosures.

WALL ASSEMBLIES

Wall assemblies are a collection of products from more than one manufacturer that collectively function as a wall cladding. Insulation, exterior skin, air barrier, water-resistive barrier, fasteners, lintels, furring and other components come together to form a wall assembly. Finestop air/water-resistive barriers are fluid-applied systems that are supported with ICC-ESR 2986, which confirms code compliance in Type I – V construction. Finestop systems can be used to create a continuous drainage plane and air barrier system as part of a wall assembly design.

LAHABRA CI WALL SYSTEMS

LaHabra CI Wall Systems presented in this guide incorporate a Finestop air/water-resistive barrier, continuous exterior insulation and an outer skin that can be finished to create a broad range of appearances. These systems meet the full range of International Building Code and International Energy Conservation Code requirements, and are supported with third-party test data, architectural details and system warranties. Utilizing LaHabra CI Wall Systems provides a simplified approach to wall cladding design.

SOLUTIONS FOR BUILDINGS WITH MULTIPLE CLADDINGS

WHERE BUILDINGS EMPLOY MULTIPLE CLADDINGS, FINESTOP AIR/WATER-RESISTIVE BARRIERS CAN BE EXTENDED BEYOND LAHABRA WALL SYSTEMS, and provide NFPA 285 compliant performance as part of wall assemblies that utilize materials from multiple manufacturers.

Although not related to fire performance, airtightness and secondary water drainage are key building considerations. Use of a continuous, monolithic air/water-resistive barrier, supplied by a single manufacturer, is a recognized way to improve air tightness and moisture management. It also helps integrate multiple cladding assemblies into an overall building enclosure.

Finestop-RS, Finestop-RA, and Finestop-VB are supported with extensive NFPA 285 data covering a wide range of wall assembly options. This allows design professionals to specify Finestop products behind multiple claddings used alone or in conjunction with LaHabra Wall Systems.

Claddings that are comprised of materials from more than one manufacturer require careful consideration. Some fire requirements, such as the ASTM E84 Steiner Tunnel test, apply to specific materials. Others, such as NFPA 285, are assembly tests where the assembly itself must be evaluated.



Finestop air/water-resistive barriers can provide a continuous air and water-resistive barrier behind multiple claddings for uninterrupted air and moisture protection

NFPA 285 COMPLIANT WALL SYSTEMS AND ASSEMBLIES

The components listed in the following sections – Base Wall System (**SECTION A**), Air/Water-Resistive Barrier (**SECTION B**), Exterior Insulation (**SECTION C**), and Exterior Cladding (**SECTION D**) can be combined to create wall systems and assemblies that comply with NFPA 285 requirements.

SECTION A: BASE WALL SYSTEM

1. Concrete Wall	
2. Concrete Masonry Wall	
3. Steel Stud Framed Wall: Minimum 20-gauge 3-5/8 inch studs (maximum 24" O.C.)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">a. Interior wallboard: minimum 1 layer of 1/2-inch or 5/8-inch Type X gypsum wallboard on interior face of studsb. Interior vapor barrier (optional) 1 layer of maximum 6-mil polyethylene plasticc. Cavity insulation: None or any noncombustible insulation (faced or unfaced)d. Floorline firestopping for balloon framed walls: 4 lb/cu foot mineral wool in each stud cavity and at each floorline, attached with Z-clips or equivalente. Exterior sheathing: 1/2-inch or 5/8-inch thick exterior grade gypsum sheathing
4. Podium Wall: 3-5/8 inch Fire Retardant Treated (FRT) lumber studs, spaced 16" or 24" O.C. Openings may be lined with 1.5" FRT lumber. NOTE: Qualified for use with LaHabra CI and CI Stucco systems only.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">a. Interior wallboard: minimum 1 layer of 1/2-inch or 5/8-inch Type X gypsum wallboard on interior face of studsb. Interior vapor barrier (optional) 1 layer of maximum 6-mil polyethylene plasticc. Cavity insulation: None or any noncombustible insulation (faced or unfaced)d. Floorline firestopping for balloon framed walls: 4 lb/cu foot mineral wool in each stud cavity and at each floorline, attached with Z-clips or equivalente. Exterior sheathing: 1/2-inch or 5/8-inch thick exterior grade gypsum sheathing; FRT Plywood or LP Flameblock (2-sided)

SECTION B: AIR/WATER-RESISTIVE BARRIER

1. Finestop RA or Finestop RS Vapor permeable barriers	With 4" SikaWall-9000 Sheathing Fabric reinforcement or 20-mils SikaWall-80 MaxFlash Liquid Flashing Membrane at sheathing joints
2. Finestop VB Class 1 vapor retarder	With 4" SikaWall-9000 Sheathing Fabric reinforcement or 20-mils SikaWall-80 MaxFlash Liquid Flashing Membrane at sheathing joints

SECTION C: EXTERIOR INSULATION SELECTIONS FOR WALL ASSEMBLIES WITH FINESTOP AIR/WATER-RESISTIVE BARRIERS

1. None	
2. Any unfaced noncombustible insulation (e.g. mineral wool)	
3. Expanded Polystyrene Foam (EPS)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">a. Maximum 2.4-inch NEOPOR GPS Plus Type II Rigid Insulation Boardb. Maximum 2.5-inch thickness ASTM C578 Type II EPS (must be ASTM E84 Class A)c. Maximum 1.8-inch thickness ASTM C578 Type IX EPS (must be ASTM E84 Class A)
4. Extruded Polystyrene Foam (XPS)	Maximum 3-inch thickness, ASTM C578 Type IV or Type X (must be ASTM E84 Class A)
5. Polyisocyanurate Foam	<ul style="list-style-type: none">a. Maximum 4-inch thickness, Atlas EnergyShield Prob. Maximum 4-inch thickness, Atlas EnergyShield Pro2c. Maximum 3-1/2-inch thickness, Hunter Xci Class Ad. Maximum 3-1/2-inch thickness, Hunter Xci CGe. Maximum 4-1/4-inch thickness, Hunter Xci Ply (maximum 3-1/2-inch thickness foam, maximum 3/4 inch plywood)f. Maximum 3-1/2-inch thickness, Carlisle R-2+ Sheathe, R2+ Mat or R2+ Silver



SECTION D: LAHABRA EXTERIOR CLADDING SYSTEMS

1. Pebbletex CI-DCA

- a. Maximum 12-inch thickness ASTM C578 Type I EPS (must be ASTM E84)*
 - b. Maximum 4-inch thickness ASTM C578 Type I EPS (must be ASTM E84)* with SikaWall-1000 MaxGrip Veneer Adhesive and adhered veneer (eg. thin brick, stone, tile)
- *EPS insulation used in Pebbletex CI-DCA must meet LaHabra specifications

2. Platinum CI

- a. Maximum 12-inch thickness NEOPOR GPS Type I Rigid Insulation Board
 - b. Maximum 7.8-inch thickness NEOPOR GPS PLUS Type II Rigid Insulation Board*
- * Neopor insulation used in Platinum CI must meet LaHabra specifications

3. Fastwall WaterMaster HE

- a. Maximum 2.5-inch thickness of ASTM C578 Type II EPS must be ASTM E84 Class A)
 - b. Maximum 2.4-inch thickness NEOPOR GPS PLUS Type II Rigid Insulation Board
 - c. Maximum 3-inch thickness of ASTM C578 Type XI EPS (must be ASTM E84 Class A)
 - d. Maximum 1.7-inch thickness of ASTM C578 Type IX EPS must be ASTM E84 Class A)
 - e. Maximum 3-inch thickness XPS, ASTM C578 Type IV or Type X (must be ASTM E84 Class A)
 - f. Maximum 3-inch thickness, Atlas EnergyShield Pro
 - g. Maximum 3-inch thickness, Atlas EnergyShield Pro2
 - h. Maximum 3-inch thickness, Hunter Xci Class A
 - i. Maximum 3-inch thickness, Hunter Xci CG
 - j. Maximum 4-1/4-inch thickness, Hunter Xci Ply (maximum 3-1/2-inch foam, maximum 3/4-inch plywood)
 - k. Maximum 3-inch thickness, Carlisle R-2+ Sheathe, R2+ Mat or R2+ Silver
 - l. Maximum 3-inch thickness, unfaced noncombustible insulation (e.g. mineral wool)
- NOTE: Interior sheathing must be 5/8" type X gypsum wallboard for all CI Stucco systems**

4. Pebbletex Vulcan NC

- a. Maximum 4-inch thickness ASTM C612 Type IV mineral wool
- *Mineral wool insulation used in Pebbletex Vulcan NC must meet requirement outlined in the system specification.

SECTION D: EXTERIOR CLADDING

Wall Assemblies using Finestop Air/Water-Resistive Barriers

5. Heavy and Noncombustible Cladding Assemblies

These systems are characterized by their high mass, inorganic composition and noncombustible nature. **All of the insulation systems listed in Section C can be used with the heavy cladding systems listed below.** Interior gypsum sheathing must be 5/8" thick. Atlas polyisocyanurate insulation also requires 5/8" thick exterior gypsum sheathing.

BRICK - Standard nominal 4" thick clay brick with standard brick veneer anchors installed maximum 24" on center vertically on each stud with a maximum 2" air gap between the brick and exterior insulation.

STUCCO - ASTM C926 three coat stucco, minimum 3/4" thick, Permalath 1000 or Metal Plaster Base per ASTM C1063, with paint or textured acrylic finish.

STONE VENEER - Minimum 2" thick limestone, natural stone or minimum 1-1/2" thick cast artificial stone.

TERRA COTTA - Minimum 1-1/4" thick non-open jointed. Any standard non-open jointed installation technique can be used.

LIMESTONE OR NATURAL STONE VENEER - Minimum 2" thick (or minimum 1-1/2" thick) cast artificial stone installed using a standard installation technique.

CONCRETE - Minimum 1-1/2" thick concrete masonry unit (CMU), precast concrete or artificial cast stone. Any standard non-open jointed installation technique can be used.

6. Metal Skin Noncombustible Exterior Wall Covering using Steel or Copper

Any standard installation technique can be used. Options listed in **Section C1, C2 or C5 are acceptable** (no insulation, noncombustible insulation or certain polyisocyanurate insulation). Interior and gypsum sheathing must be 5/8" thick.

7. Cement Board Siding

Any standard installation technique can be used (maximum 2" air gap). Options listed in **Section C1, C2 or C5 are acceptable** (no insulation, noncombustible insulation or certain polyisocyanurate insulation).

8. Metal Composite (MCM or ACM) Panels

Use any MCM or ACM panel that has passed NFPA 285 (maximum 2" air gap). Options listed in **Section C1, C2 or C5 are acceptable** (no insulation, noncombustible insulation or certain polyisocyanurate insulation). Interior and gypsum sheathing must be 5/8" thick.

9. Reynobond ZCM Zinc Alloy Composite Panel System

Any standard installation technique can be used. Options listed in **Section C1, C2 or C5 are acceptable** (no insulation, noncombustible insulation or certain polyisocyanurate insulation). Interior and gypsum sheathing must be 5/8" thick.

10. Autoclaved Aerated Concrete Panels that have passed NFPA 285 criteria

Options listed in **Section C1, C2 or C5 are acceptable** bare acceptable (no insulation, noncombustible insulation or certain polyisocyanurate insulation). Interior and gypsum sheathing must be 5/8" thick.

11. Stone/Aluminum honeycomb composite building panels that have passed NFPA 285 criteria.

Any standard installation technique can be used. Options listed in **Section C1, C2 or C5 are acceptable** (no insulation, noncombustible insulation or certain polyisocyanurate insulation). Interior and gypsum sheathing must be 5/8" thick.



LaHabra Wall Systems can create a multiple cladding appearance with continuous exterior insulation and a seamless air/water-resistive barrier



Flnestop air/water-resistive barriers can provide seamless monolithic protection on buildings with multiple claddings



Brick, granite, and cut stone are some of the popular appearances created by LaHabra Wall Systems.



LaHabra Pebbletex CI-DCA, incorporating Sika's Wood Grain Effects, can produce an energy efficient building with endless design possibilities.

THERMAL, MECHANICAL, WATER DRAINAGE, AND FIRE PERFORMANCE OF LAHABRA CI WALL SYSTEMS

LaHabra wall systems listed in this guide comply with NFPA 285 and NFPA 268 requirements, and use materials that provide ASTM E84 Class A performance. Please see the respective system brochures for more information, or contact Sika's Technical Support at 800-226-2424.

LaHabra CI system details and guide specifications that are consistent with the NFPA 285 performance listed in this guide. These details and specifications are also consistent with other relevant standards. Design professionals who specify LaHabra CI Wall Systems installed per Sika's instructions are specifying code compliant systems.

MIND THE DETAILS WHEN SPECIFYING NFPA 285 COMPLIANT WALL ASSEMBLIES

The NFPA 285 compliant wall assemblies outlined in this brochure may be subject to additional fire performance and building code requirements. Design professionals should ensure that all relevant requirements are met.

The wall assemblies listed in this section have been tested using specific termination detailing at the window rough opening. These details vary by assembly. Design professionals should consult with the manufacturer of the specific insulation and/or cladding materials listed in this guide to obtain and specify relevant rough opening details.

Failure to correctly detail system determinations at rough openings will result in wall assemblies that do not comply with NFPA 285 requirements.

***“Design professionals
who specify LaHabra CI
Wall Systems installed
per Sika’s instructions
are specifying code
compliant systems.”***



LaHabra Wall Systems are detailed in accordance with prevailing code requirements



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