Revision Date 04/12/2022



SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name	:	Sikaflex [®] -1c SL
Company name	:	Sika Corporation
		201 Polito Avenue Lyndhurst, NJ 07071 USA www.sikausa.com
Telephone	:	(201) 933-8800
Telefax	:	(201) 804-1076
E-mail address	:	ehs@sika-corp.com
Emergency telephone	:	CHEMTREC: 800-424-9300 INTERNATIONAL: +1-703-527-3887
Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use	:	For further information, refer to product data sheet.

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Flammable liquids		Category 4
Skin sensitization	:	Category 1
Carcinogenicity (Inhalation)	:	Category 1A
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Inhala- tion)	:	Category 2

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms	:	
Signal Word	:	Danger
Hazard Statements	:	H227 Combustible liquid. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H350 May cause cancer by inhalation. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or re- peated exposure if inhaled.

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Precautionary Statements :	 Prevention: P201 Obtain special instructions before use. P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P210 Keep away from heat/ sparks/ open flames/ hot surfaces. No smoking. P260 Do not breathe mist or vapors. P272 Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
	Response: P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention. P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alco- hol-resistant foam to extinguish.
	Storage: P403 Store in a well-ventilated place. P405 Store locked up.
	Disposal: P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste dis-

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Additional Labeling

There are no ingredients with unknown acute toxicity used in a mixture at a concentration >= 1%.

Other hazards

Intentional misuse by deliberate concentration and inhalation of vapor may be harmful or fatal.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Mixtures

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentra- tion (% w/w)
xylene	1330-20-7	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 Acute Tox. 4; H332 Acute Tox. 4; H312 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2A; H319 STOT SE 3; H335 STOT RE 2; H373	>= 1 - < 5

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		Asp. Tox. 1; H304	
Isophoronedialdimine	932742-30-8	Skin Sens. 1B; H317	>= 1 - < 5
ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Flam. Liq. 2; H225	>= 0.1 - < 1
		Acute Tox. 4; H332	
		STOT RE 2; H373	
		Asp. Tox. 1; H304	
		Eye Irrit. 2A; H319	
Aliphatic polyisocyanate	28182-81-2	Acute Tox. 4; H332	>= 0.1 - < 1
		Skin Sens. 1; H317	
		STOT SE 3; H335	
Quartz (SiO2) >5µm	14808-60-7	Carc. 1A; H350i	>= 0.1 - < 1
		STOT RE 1; H372	
		STOT SE 3; H335	

Actual concentration is withheld as a trade secret

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice	:	Move out of dangerous area. Consult a physician. Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attend- ance.
If inhaled	:	Move to fresh air. Consult a physician after significant exposure.
In case of skin contact	:	Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Wash off with soap and plenty of water. If symptoms persist, call a physician.
In case of eye contact	:	Remove contact lenses. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.
If swallowed	:	Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Obtain medical attention.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	:	sensitizing effects Allergic reactions May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause cancer by inhalation. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.
Notes to physician	:	Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Carbon dioxide (CO2)

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Unsuitable extinguishing media Further information	:	Water Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec- tive equipment and emer- gency procedures	•	Use personal protective equipment. Deny access to unprotected persons.
Environmental precautions	:	Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Advice on protection against fire and explosion	:	Normal measures for preventive fire protection.
Advice on safe handling	:	Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Avoid exceeding the given occupational exposure limits (see section 8). Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. For personal protection see section 8. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems or asth- ma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the ap- plication area. Follow standard hygiene measures when handling chemical products.
Conditions for safe storage	:	Store in original container. Keep in a well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Observe label precautions. Store in accordance with local regulations.
Materials to avoid	:	Explosives Oxidizing agents

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Poisonous gases Poisonous liquids

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of	Control parame- ters / Permissible	Basis
		exposure)	concentration	
xylene	1330-20-7	TWA	100 ppm 435 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
		TWA	100 ppm	ACGIH
		STEL	150 ppm	ACGIH
		STEL	150 ppm 655 mg/m3	OSHA P0
		TWA	100 ppm 435 mg/m3	OSHA P0
ethylbenzene	100-41-4	TWA	100 ppm 435 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
		TWA	100 ppm 435 mg/m3	OSHA P0
		STEL	125 ppm 545 mg/m3	OSHA P0
		TWA	20 ppm	ACGIH
Quartz (SiO2) >5µm	14808-60-7	TWA (Res- pirable par- ticulate mat- ter)	0.025 mg/m3	ACGIH
		TWA (Res- pirable dust)	0.05 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
		TWA (respir- able)	10 mg/m3 / %SiO2+2	OSHA Z-3
		TWA (respir- able)	250 mppcf / %SiO2+5	OSHA Z-3
		TWÁ (respir- able dust fraction)	0.1 mg/m3	OSHA P0
		TWA (Res- pirable par- ticulate mat- ter)	0.025 mg/m3 (Silica)	ACGIH
		PEL (respir- able)	0.05 mg/m3	OSHA CARC
		TWA (respir- able dust fraction)	0.1 mg/m3	OSHA P0
		TWA (Res- pirable par- ticulate mat- ter)	0.025 mg/m3	ACGIH
		TWA (Res-	0.025 mg/m3	ACGIH

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	pirable par- ticulate mat- ter)	(Silica)	
The above constituents are the o ommended exposure limit. At the			

Engineering measures	:	Use of adequate ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. If the use of this product generates dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use pro- cess enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineer- ing controls to keep worker exposure below any recommend- ed or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits.
Personal protective equipm	ent	
Respiratory protection	:	Use a properly fitted NIOSH approved air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk as- sessment indicates this is necessary.
		The filter class for the respirator must be suitable for the max- imum expected contaminant concentration (gas/vapor/aerosol/particulates) that may arise when han- dling the product. If this concentration is exceeded, self- contained breathing apparatus must be used.
Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is nec- essary.
Eye protection	:	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
Skin and body protection	:	Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concen- tration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the spe- cific work-place.
Hygiene measures	:	Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Remove respiratory and skin/eye protection only after vapors have been cleared from the area. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Wash thoroughly after handling.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	: \	iscous liquid/
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Color

:

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Odor	:	aromatic
Odor Threshold	:	No data available
рН	:	Not applicable
Melting point/range / Freezing	:	No data available
point Boiling point/boiling range	:	No data available
Flash point	:	187.00 °F / 86.11 °C
Evaporation rate	:	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	No data available
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	:	No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	No data available
Vapor pressure	:	0.01 hpa
Relative vapor density	:	No data available
Density	:	1.25 - 1.29 g/cm3
Solubility(ies) Water solubility	:	insoluble
Solubility in other solvents	:	No data available
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	No data available
Autoignition temperature	:	No data available
Decomposition temperature	:	No data available
Viscosity Viscosity, dynamic	:	No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	:	> 20.5 mm2/s
Explosive properties	:	No data available
Oxidizing properties	:	No data available
Volatile organic compounds (VOC) content	:	32.5 g/l

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

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Reactivity	:	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Chemical stability	:	The product is chemically stable.
Possibility of hazardous reac- tions	:	Stable under recommended storage conditions.
Conditions to avoid	:	Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
Incompatible materials	:	No data available
Hazardous decomposition products	:	No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

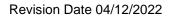
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

xylene:		
Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 Oral (Rat): 3,523 mg/kg
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 Dermal (Rabbit): 1,700 mg/kg
Isophoronedialdimine:		
Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 Oral (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 Dermal (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg
ethylbenzene:		
Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 Oral (Rat): 3,500 mg/kg
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 Dermal (Rabbit): 5,510 mg/kg
Aliphatic polyisocyanate:		
Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 Oral (Rat): > 2,500 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	LC50: 1.5 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Expert judgment
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 Dermal (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.





Serious eye damage/eye irritation Not classified based on available information. Respiratory or skin sensitization							
	Skin sensitization						
May cause a	an allergic skin reaction.						
Respiratory	v sensitization						
Not classifie	d based on available information.						
	nutagenicity						
Not classifie	d based on available information.						
Carcinoger	licity						
May cause o IARC	cancer by inhalation. Group 1: Carcinogenic to humans Quartz (SiO2) (Silica dust, crystalline) Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans Titanium dioxide (> 10 μm) Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans	14808-60-7 13463-67-7					
	Carbon black	1333-86-4					
	Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans ethylbenzene	100-41-4					
OSHA	OSHA specifically regulated carcinogen Quartz (SiO2) (crystalline silica)	14808-60-7					
NTP	Known to be human carcinogen Quartz (SiO2) (Silica, Crystalline (Respirable Size))	14808-60-7					

Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

STOT-single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

STOT-repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Further information

Product:

Remarks

: Carbon black (1333-86-4) <u>Animal Toxicity:</u> Rat, oral, duration 2 year Effect: no tumors

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Mouse, oral, duration 2 years Effect: no tumors Mouse, dermal, duration 18 months Effect: no skin tumors Rat, inhalation, duration 2 years Target organ: lungs Effect: inflammation, fibrosis, tumors Note: Tumors in the rat lung are considered to be related to the "particle overload phenomenon" rather than to a specific chemical effect of carbon black itself in the lung. These effects in rats have been reported in many studies on other poorly soluble inorganic particles and appear to be rat specific. Tumors have not been observed in other species (i.e., mouse and hamster) for carbon black or other poorly soluble particles under similar circumstances and study conditions. Mortality studies (human data): A study on carbon black production workers in the UK (Sorahan, 2001) found an increased risk of lung cancer in two of the five plant studied; however, the increase was not related to the dose of carbon black. Thus, the authors did not consider the increased risk in lung cancer to be due to carbon black exposure. A German study of carbon black workers at one plant (Morfeld, 2006; Buechte, 2006) found a similar increase in lung cancer risk but, like the Sorohan, 2001 (UK study) found no association with carbon black exposure. A large US study of 18 plants showed a reduction in lung cancer risk in carbon black production workers (DEII, 2006). Based upon these studies, the February 2006 Working Group at the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) concluded that the human evidence for carcinogenicity was inadequate (IARC, 2010). Since the IARC evaluation of carbon black, Sorahan and Harrington (2007) have re-analyzed the UK study data using an alternative exposure hypothesis and found a positive association with carbon black exposure in two of the five plants. The same exposure hypothesis was applied by Morfeld and McCunney (2009) to the German cohort; in contrast, they found no association between carbon black exposure and lung cancer risk and, thus, no support for the alternative exposure hypothesis used by Sorahan and Harrington. Overall, as a result of these detailed investigations, no causative link between carbon black exposure and cancer risk in humans has been demonstrated. IARC CANCER CLASSIFICATION: In 2006 IARC re-affirmed

IARC CANCER CLASSIFICATION: In 2006 IARC re-affirmed its 1995 finding that there is "inadequate evidence" from human health studies to assess whether carbon black causes cancer in humans. IARC concluded that there is "sufficient evidence" in experimental animal studies for the carcinogenicity of carbon black. IARC's overall evaluation is that carbon black is "possibly carcinogenic to humans" (Group 2B)". This conclusion was based on IARC's guidelines, which generally require such a classification if one species exhibits carcinogenicity in two or more animal studies (IARC, 2010).

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Solvent extracts of carbon black were used in one study of rats in which skin tumors were found after dermal application and several studies of mice in which sarcomas were found following subcutaneous injection. IARC concluded that there was "sufficient evidence" that carbon black extracts can cause cancer in animals (Group 2B).

ICGIH CANCER CLASSIFICATION: Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans (Category A3 Carcinogen).

ASSESSMENT: Applying the guidelines of self-classification under the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals, carbon black is not classified as a carcinogen. Lung tumors are induced in rats as a result of repeated exposure to inert, poorly soluble particles like carbon black and other poorly soluble particles. Rats tumors are a result of a secondary non-genotoxic mechanism that has questionable relevance for classification in humans. In support of this opinion, the CLP Guidance for Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure (STOT-RE), cites lung overload under mechanisms not relevant to humans. Human health studies show that exposure to carbon black does not increase the risk to carcinogenicity.

Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)

In lifetime inhalation studies of rats, airborne respirable-size titanium dioxide particles have shown to cause an increase in lung tumors at concentrations associated with substantial particle lung burdens and consequential pulmonary overload and inflammation. The potential for these adverse health effects appears to be closely related to the particle size and the amount of the exposed surface area that comes into contact with the lung. However, tests with other laboratory animals such as mice and hamsters, indicate that rats are significantly more susceptible to the pulmonary overload and inflammation that causes lung cancer. Epidemiological studies do not suggest an increased risk of cancer in humans from occupational exposure to titanium dioxide. Titanium dioxide has been characterized by IARC as possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B) through inhalation (not ingestion). It has not been characterized as a potential carcinogen by either NTP or OSHA.

Quartz (14808-60-7): This classification is relevant when exposed to Quartz (silicon dioxide) in dust or powder form only, including cured product that is subject to sanding, grinding, cutting, or other surface preparation activities.

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Ecotoxicity



SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Components:		
xylene: Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 2.2 mg/l Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox- icity)	:	NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 1.3 mg/l Exposure time: 56 d
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chron-ic toxicity)	:	NOEC (Daphnia): 1.17 mg/l Exposure time: 7 d
Isophoronedialdimine:		
Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Fish): 87.2 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 180.4 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h
Persistence and degradabilit No data available	ty	
Bioaccumulative potential No data available		
Mobility in soil No data available		
Other adverse effects		
Product:		
Additional ecological infor- mation	:	Do not empty into drains; dispose of this material and its con- tainer in a safe way. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
		ATIONS

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods		
Waste from residues	:	Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.
		12 / 14



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Contaminated packaging

: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Domestic regulation

49 CFR Not regulated as a dangerous good

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

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TSCA list
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: All chemical substances in this product are either listed on the TSCA Inventory or are in compliance with a TSCA Inventory exemption.

CERCLA Reportable Quantity

Components	CAS-No.	Component RQ (lbs)
xylene	1330-20-7	100

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards	Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids) Respiratory or skin sensitization Carcinogenicity Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)		
SARA 313 :	The following components are subject to reporting levels es- tablished by SARA Title III, Section 313:		
	xylene 1330-20-7		>= 1 - < 5 %
	ethylbenzene	100-41-4	>= 0.1 - < 1 %

Clean Air Act

The following chemical(s) are listed as HAP under the U.S. Clean Air Act, Section 112 (40 CFR 61): xylene 1330-20-7 >= 1 - < 5 %

California Prop. 65

MARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Titanium dioxide, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer, and 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C9-11-branched alkyl

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esters, C10-rich, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Notes to Reader

The information contained in this Safety Data Sheet applies only to the actual Sika Corporation ("Sika") product identified and described herein. This information is not intended to address, nor does it address the use or application of the identified Sika product in combination with any other material, product or process. All of the information set forth herein is based on technical data regarding the identified product that Sika believes to be reliable as of the date hereof. Prior to each use of any Sika product, the user must always read and follow the warnings and instructions on the product's current Product Data Sheet, product label and Safety Data Sheet for each Sika product, which are available at web site and/or telephone number listed in Section 1 of this SDS.

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