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SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name	:	Icosit [®] KC 340/45 Part A
Company name	:	Sika Corporation
		201 Polito Avenue Lyndhurst, NJ 07071 USA www.sikausa.com
Telephone	:	(201) 933-8800
Telefax	:	(201) 804-1076
E-mail address	:	ehs@sika-corp.com
Emergency telephone	:	CHEMTREC: 800-424-9300 INTERNATIONAL: +1-703-527-3887
Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use	:	For further information, refer to product data sheet.

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)		
Skin sensitization	:	Category 1
Carcinogenicity (Inhalation)	:	Category 1A
GHS label elements Hazard pictograms	:	
Signal Word	:	Danger
Hazard Statements	:	H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H350 May cause cancer by inhalation.
Precautionary Statements	:	Prevention: P201 Obtain special instructions before use. P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P261 Avoid breathing mist or vapors.

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P272 Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response:

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.

P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.

P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Storage:

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Additional Labeling

There are no ingredients with unknown acute toxicity used in a mixture at a concentration >= 1%.

Other hazards

None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Mixtures

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentra- tion (% w/w)
barium sulfate	7727-43-7		>= 20 - < 30
6-Methyl-2,4-di(methylthio)-1,3- benzenediamine	102093-68-5	Acute Tox. 4; H302 Skin Sens. 1; H317	>= 1 - < 5
2-Methyl-4,6-di(methylthio)-1,3- benzenediamine	104983-85-9	Acute Tox. 4; H302 Skin Sens. 1; H317	>= 0.1 - < 1
Quartz (SiO2) >5µm	14808-60-7	Carc. 1A; H350 STOT RE 1; H372 STOT SE 3; H335	>= 0.1 - < 1
4-morpholinecarbaldehyde	4394-85-8	Skin Sens. 1; H317	>= 0.1 - < 1

Actual concentration is withheld as a trade secret

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SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice

Move out of dangerous area. Consult a physician. Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attend-

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		ance.
If inhaled	:	Move to fresh air. Consult a physician after significant exposure.
In case of skin contact	:	Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Wash off with soap and plenty of water. If symptoms persist, call a physician.
In case of eye contact	:	Remove contact lenses. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.
If swallowed	:	Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Obtain medical attention.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	:	sensitizing effects Allergic reactions May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause cancer by inhalation.
Notes to physician	:	Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir- cumstances and the surrounding environment.
Further information	:	Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec- tive equipment and emer- gency procedures	:	Use personal protective equipment. Deny access to unprotected persons.
Environmental precautions	:	Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
Methods and materials for	:	Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel,





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containment and cleaning up acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Advice on protection against fire and explosion	:	Normal measures for preventive fire protection.
Advice on safe handling	:	 Avoid exceeding the given occupational exposure limits (see section 8). Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. For personal protection see section 8. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area. Follow standard hygiene measures when handling chemical products.
Conditions for safe storage	:	Store in original container. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Observe label precautions. Store in accordance with local regulations.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parame- ters / Permissible concentration	Basis
barium sulfate	7727-43-7	TWA (Inhal- able particu- late matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
		TWA (total dust)	15 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
		TWA (respir- able fraction)	5 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
		TWA (Total dust)	10 mg/m3	OSHA P0
		TWA (respir- able dust fraction)	5 mg/m3	OSHA P0
Quartz (SiO2) >5µm	14808-60-7	TWA (Res- pirable par-	0.025 mg/m3	ACGIH



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1	I		
	ticulate mat-		
	ter)		
	TWA (Res-	0.05 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
	pirable dust)		
	TWA (respir-	10 mg/m3 /	OSHA Z-3
	able)	%SiO2+2	
	TWÁ (respir-	250 mppcf /	OSHA Z-3
	able)	%SiO2+5	
	TWA (respir-	0.1 mg/m3	OSHA P0
	able dust	0.1 119/110	001///10
	fraction)		
	TWA (Res-	0.025 mg/m3	ACGIH
	pirable par-	(Silica)	ACGIT
	ticulate mat-	(Silica)	
	ter)	0.05	
	PEL (respir-	0.05 mg/m3	OSHA CARC
	able)		
	TWA (respir-	0.1 mg/m3	OSHA P0
	able dust		
	fraction)		
	TWA (Res-	0.025 mg/m3	ACGIH
	pirable par-		
	ticulate mat-		
	ter)		
	TWA (Res-	0.025 mg/m3	ACGIH
	pirable par-	(Silica)	
	ticulate mat-		
	ter)		

The above constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

Engineering measures :	Use of adequate ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. If the use of this product generates dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use pro- cess enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineer- ing controls to keep worker exposure below any recommend- ed or statutory limits.
Personal protective equipment	t
Respiratory protection :	Use a properly fitted NIOSH approved air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk as- sessment indicates this is necessary.
	The filter class for the respirator must be suitable for the max- imum expected contaminant concentration (gas/vapor/aerosol/particulates) that may arise when han- dling the product. If this concentration is exceeded, self- contained breathing apparatus must be used.
Hand protection :	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an
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		approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is nec- essary.
Eye protection	:	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
Skin and body protection	:	Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concen- tration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the spe- cific work-place.
Hygiene measures	:	Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Wash thoroughly after handling.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	:	liquid
Color	:	light gray
Odor	:	slight
Odor Threshold	:	No data available
рН	:	Not applicable substance/mixture is non-soluble (in water)
Melting point/range / Freezing	:	No data available
point Boiling point/boiling range	:	No data available
Flash point	:	> 214 °F / 101 °C (Method: closed cup)
Evaporation rate	:	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	No data available
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	:	No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	No data available
Vapor pressure	:	0.01 hpa
Relative vapor density	:	No data available



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Density	:	ca. 0.87 g/cm3 (68 °F / 20 °C)
Solubility(ies) Water solubility	:	insoluble
Solubility in other solvents	:	No data available
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	No data available
Autoignition temperature	:	No data available
Decomposition temperature	:	No data available
Viscosity Viscosity, dynamic	:	No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	:	> 20.5 mm2/s (104 °F / 40 °C)
Explosive properties	:	No data available
Oxidizing properties	:	No data available
Volatile organic compounds (VOC) content	:	10 g/l A+B Combined

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	:	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Chemical stability	:	The product is chemically stable.
Possibility of hazardous reac- tions	:	Stable under recommended storage conditions.
Conditions to avoid	:	No data available
Incompatible materials	:	No data available
Hazardous decomposition products	:	No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Not classified due to lack of data.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified due to lack of data.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified due to lack of data.



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Respiratory or skin sensitization							
	Skin sensitization May cause an allergic skin reaction.						
	Respiratory sensitization Not classified due to lack of data.						
	Germ cell mutagenicity Not classified due to lack of data.						
Carcinogenie	city						
May cause ca	ancer by inhalation. Group 1: Carcinogenic to humans Quartz (SiO2) (Silica dust, crystalline) Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans titanium dioxide; [in powder form containing 1 % or dynamic diameter ≤ 10 μm] Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans Carbon black	14808-60-7 more of particles with aero- 13463-67-7 1333-86-4					
OSHA	OSHA specifically regulated carcinogen Quartz (SiO2) (crystalline silica)	14808-60-7					
NTP	Known to be human carcinogen Quartz (SiO2) (Silica, Crystalline (Respirable Size))	14808-60-7					

Reproductive toxicity

Not classified due to lack of data.

STOT-single exposure

Not classified due to lack of data.

STOT-repeated exposure

Not classified due to lack of data. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified due to lack of data.

Further information

Product:

Remarks

: Carbon black (1333-86-4) <u>Animal Toxicity:</u> Rat, oral, duration 2 year Effect: no tumors

Mouse, oral, duration 2 years

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Effect: no tumors Mouse, dermal, duration 18 months Effect: no skin tumors Rat, inhalation, duration 2 years Target organ: lungs Effect: inflammation, fibrosis, tumors Note: Tumors in the rat lung are considered to be related to the "particle overload phenomenon" rather than to a specific chemical effect of carbon black itself in the lung. These effects in rats have been reported in many studies on other poorly soluble inorganic particles and appear to be rat specific. Tumors have not been observed in other species (i.e., mouse and hamster) for carbon black or other poorly soluble particles under similar circumstances and study conditions. Mortality studies (human data): A study on carbon black production workers in the UK (Sorahan, 2001) found an increased risk of lung cancer in two of the five plant studied; however, the increase was not related to the dose of carbon black. Thus, the authors did not consider the increased risk in lung cancer to be due to carbon black exposure. A German study of carbon black workers at one plant (Morfeld, 2006; Buechte, 2006) found a similar increase in lung cancer risk but, like the Sorohan, 2001 (UK study) found no association with carbon black exposure. A large US study of 18 plants showed a reduction in lung cancer risk in carbon black production workers (DEII, 2006). Based upon these studies, the February 2006 Working Group at the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) concluded that the human evidence for carcinogenicity was inadequate (IARC, 2010). Since the IARC evaluation of carbon black, Sorahan and Harrington (2007) have re-analyzed the UK study data using an alternative exposure hypothesis and found a positive association with carbon black exposure in two of the five plants. The same exposure hypothesis was applied by Morfeld and McCunney (2009) to the German cohort; in contrast, they found no association between carbon black exposure and lung cancer risk and, thus, no support for the alternative exposure hypothesis used by Sorahan and Harrington. Overall, as a result of these detailed investigations, no causative link between carbon black exposure and cancer risk in humans has been demonstrated. IARC CANCER CLASSIFICATION: In 2006 IARC re-affirmed

IARC CANCER CLASSIFICATION: In 2006 IARC re-affirmed its 1995 finding that there is "inadequate evidence" from human health studies to assess whether carbon black causes cancer in humans. IARC concluded that there is "sufficient evidence" in experimental animal studies for the carcinogenicity of carbon black. IARC's overall evaluation is that carbon black is "possibly carcinogenic to humans" (Group 2B)". This conclusion was based on IARC's guidelines, which generally require such a classification if one species exhibits carcinogenicity in two or more animal studies (IARC, 2010).

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Solvent extracts of carbon black were used in one study of rats in which skin tumors were found after dermal application and several studies of mice in which sarcomas were found following subcutaneous injection. IARC concluded that there was "sufficient evidence" that carbon black extracts can cause cancer in animals (Group 2B).

ICGIH CANCER CLASSIFICATION: Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans (Category A3 Carcinogen).

ASSESSMENT: Applying the guidelines of self-classification under the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals, carbon black is not classified as a carcinogen. Lung tumors are induced in rats as a result of repeated exposure to inert, poorly soluble particles like carbon black and other poorly soluble particles. Rats tumors are a result of a secondary non-genotoxic mechanism that has questionable relevance for classification in humans. In support of this opinion, the CLP Guidance for Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure (STOT-RE), cites lung overload under mechanisms not relevant to humans. Human health studies show that exposure to carbon black does not increase the risk to carcinogenicity.

Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)

In lifetime inhalation studies of rats, airborne respirable-size titanium dioxide particles have shown to cause an increase in lung tumors at concentrations associated with substantial particle lung burdens and consequential pulmonary overload and inflammation. The potential for these adverse health effects appears to be closely related to the particle size and the amount of the exposed surface area that comes into contact with the lung. However, tests with other laboratory animals such as mice and hamsters, indicate that rats are significantly more susceptible to the pulmonary overload and inflammation that causes lung cancer. Epidemiological studies do not suggest an increased risk of cancer in humans from occupational exposure to titanium dioxide. Titanium dioxide has been characterized by IARC as possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B) through inhalation (not ingestion). It has not been characterized as a potential carcinogen by either NTP or OSHA.

Quartz (14808-60-7): This classification is relevant when exposed to Quartz (silicon dioxide) in dust or powder form only, including cured product that is subject to sanding, grinding, cutting, or other surface preparation activities.



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SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION Ecotoxicity

No data available

Persistence and degradability

No data available

Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

Product:

Additional ecological infor- mation	:	Do not empty into drains; dispose of this material and its con- tainer in a safe way. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quanti- ties. Water polluting material.
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SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods Waste from residues	:	Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.
Contaminated packaging	:	Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste han- dling site for recycling or disposal.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

IATA-DGR UN/ID No. Proper shipping name	 UN 3082 Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (6-methyl-2,4-bis(methylthio)phenylene-1,3-diamine)
Class	: 9
Packing group	: 111
Labels	: Miscellaneous



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Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) Packing instruction (passen- ger aircraft)	:	964 964
IMDG-Code UN number Proper shipping name	:	UN 3082 ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (6-methyl-2,4-bis(methylthio)phenylene-1,3-diamine)
Class Packing group Labels EmS Code Marine pollutant	: :	9 9
Domestic regulation		
49 CFR UN/ID/NA number Proper shipping name Class Packing group Labels ERG Code Marine pollutant	:	UN 3082 Environmentally hazardous substances, liquid, n.o.s. (6-methyl-2,4-bis(methylthio)phenylene-1,3-diamine) 9 III CLASS 9 171 no

DOT: For Limited Quantity exceptions reference 49 CFR 173.155 (b) IMDG: For Limited Quantity special provisions reference IMDG Code Chapter 3.4

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

TSCA list

: All chemical substances in this product are either listed as active on the TSCA Inventory or are in compliance with a TSCA Inventory exemption.

The following substance(s) is/a	are subject to a Significant	New Use Rule:	
Phenol, 4-nonyl, branched	84852-15-3	See 40 CFR § 721	.10765; Proposed
-		Rule	

No substances are subject to TSCA 12(b) export notification requirements.

CERCLA Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a CERCLA RQ.

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SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards	:	Respiratory or skin sensitization Carcinogenicity
SARA 313	:	This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

Clean Air Act

This product does not contain any hazardous air pollutants (HAP), as defined by the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 112 (40 CFR 61).

California Prop. 65

▲ WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Titanium dioxide, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer, and 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C9-11-branched alkyl esters, C10-rich, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH OSHA CARC		USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) OSHA Specifically Regulated Chemicals/Carcinogens
OSHA P0		USA. Table Z-1-A Limits for Air Contaminants (1989 vacated values)
OSHA Z-1	:	USA. Óccupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Lim- its for Air Contaminants
OSHA Z-3	:	USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-3 Mineral Dusts
ACGIH / TWA	:	8-hour, time-weighted average
OSHA CARC / PEL	:	Permissible exposure limit (PEL)
OSHA P0 / TWA	:	8-hour time weighted average
OSHA Z-1 / TWA	:	8-hour time weighted average
OSHA Z-3 / TWA	:	8-hour time weighted average

Notes to Reader

The information contained in this Safety Data Sheet applies only to the actual Sika Corporation ("Sika") product identified and described herein. This information is not intended to address, nor does it address the use or application of the identified Sika product in combination with any other material, product or process. All of the information set forth herein is based on technical data regarding the identified product that Sika believes to be reliable as of the date hereof. Prior to each use of any Sika product, the user must always read and follow the warnings and instructions on





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the product's current Product Data Sheet, product label and Safety Data Sheet for each Sika product, which are available at web site and/or telephone number listed in Section 1 of this SDS.

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