

**PAREX<sup>®</sup>**



# NFPA 285 COMPLIANT

**WALL SYSTEMS AND ASSEMBLIES**

**BUILDING TRUST**



# SOLUTIONS FOR NON-COMBUSTIBLE CONSTRUCTION

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Creating non-combustible exterior wall assemblies has become increasingly challenging as building design has evolved toward greater levels of energy efficiency. To meet the requirements of the International Energy Conservation Code, buildings have incorporated air/water-resistive barriers on exterior sheathing and CMU walls, together with extensive use of exterior insulation. In addition to improving energy efficiency, these changes can provide effective moisture management by incorporating an airtight secondary drainage plane, and by moving the dew point of the wall assembly outside of the drainage plane.

However, both the air/water-resistive barrier and many types of exterior insulation are made from organic materials that are combustible. One challenge for design professionals is to incorporate combustible materials into noncombustible construction in a way that reliably provides the fire performance required by the International Building Code.

Parex WaterMaster CI, WaterMaster MVS CI, Armourwall CI Stucco, Armourwall WaterMaster DM CI Stucco, Armourwall WaterMaster CI Stucco and WaterMaster NC Wall Systems have been comprehensively qualified for use in non-combustible construction. When installed per Sika details and instructions, they provide code-compliant fire performance as listed on system brochures. This extensive set of performance data is steadily updated as local and national fire standards evolve.









*Parex specialty finishes are available in brick, stone, metal, and stucco motifs. Dynamic aesthetics combined with continuous exterior insulation and a monolithic air/water-resistive barrier create impressive lightweight, high-performance building enclosures.*

## **WALL ASSEMBLIES**

Wall assemblies are a collection of products from more than one manufacturer that collectively function as a wall cladding. Insulation, exterior skin, air barrier, water-resistive barrier, fasteners, lintels, furring and other components come together to form a wall assembly. Parex WeatherSeal air/water-resistive barriers are fluid-applied systems that are supported with ICC-ESR 2562, which confirms code compliance in Type I – V construction. WeatherSeal systems can be used to create a continuous drainage plane and air barrier system as part of a wall assembly design.

## **PAREX WALL SYSTEMS**

Parex Systems presented in this guide incorporate a WeatherSeal air/water-resistive barrier, continuous exterior insulation and an outer skin that can be finished to create a broad range of appearances. These systems meet the full range of International Building Code and International Energy Conservation Code requirements, and are supported with third-party test data, architectural details and system warranties. Utilizing Parex EIFS Systems provides a simplified approach to wall cladding design.



# SOLUTIONS FOR BUILDINGS WITH MULTIPLE CLADDINGS

## WHERE BUILDINGS EMPLOY MULTIPLE CLADDINGS, WEATHERSEAL AIR/WATER-RESISTIVE BARRIERS CAN BE EXTENDED BEYOND PAREX WALL SYSTEMS,

and provide NFPA 285 compliant performance as part of wall assemblies that utilize materials from multiple manufacturers.

Although not related to fire performance, airtightness and secondary water drainage are key building considerations. Use of a continuous, monolithic air/water-resistive barrier, supplied by a single manufacturer, is a recognized way to improve air tightness and moisture management. It also helps integrate multiple cladding assemblies into an overall building enclosure.

WeatherBlock VB AB, WeatherSeal Spray & Roll-On, and WeatherSeal Trowel-On WG are supported with extensive NFPA 285 data covering a wide range of wall assembly options. This allows design professionals to specify WeatherSeal products behind multiple claddings used alone or in conjunction with Parex Systems.

Claddings that are comprised of materials from more than one manufacturer require careful consideration. Some fire requirements, such as the ASTM E84 Steiner Tunnel test, apply to specific materials. Others, such as NFPA 285, are assembly tests where the assembly itself must be evaluated.



*WeatherSeal air/water-resistive barriers can provide a continuous air and water-resistive barrier behind multiple claddings for uninterrupted air and moisture protection*

## NFPA 285 COMPLIANT WALL SYSTEMS AND ASSEMBLIES

The components listed in the following sections – Base Wall System (**SECTION A**), Air/Water-Resistive Barrier (**SECTION B**), Exterior Insulation (**SECTION C**), and Exterior Cladding (**SECTION D**) can be combined to create wall systems and assemblies that comply with NFPA 285 requirements.

### SECTION A: BASE WALL SYSTEM

<b>1. Concrete Wall</b>	
<b>2. Concrete Masonry Wall</b>	
<b>3. Steel Stud Framed Wall:</b> Minimum 20-gauge 3-5/8 inch studs (maximum 24" O.C.)	<b>a.</b> Interior wallboard: minimum 1 layer of 1/2-inch or 5/8-inch Type X gypsum wallboard on interior face of studs <b>b.</b> Interior vapor retarder (where required by design) 1 layer of maximum 6-mil polyethylene plastic <b>c.</b> Cavity insulation: None or any noncombustible insulation (faced or unfaced) <b>d.</b> Floorline firestopping for curtain wall and balloon framed walls: 4 lb/cu foot mineral wool (e.g. Thermafiber®) in each stud cavity and at each floorline, attached with Z-clips or equivalent <b>e.</b> Exterior sheathing: 1/2-inch or 5/8-inch thick exterior grade gypsum sheathing
<b>4. Podium Wall:</b> 3-5/8 inch Fire Retardant Treated (FRT) lumber studs, spaced 16" or 24" O.C. Openings may be lined with 1.5" FRT lumber. <b>NOTE: Qualified for use with Parex WaterMaster systems only.</b>	<b>a.</b> Interior wallboard: minimum 1 layer of 1/2-inch or 5/8-inch Type X gypsum wallboard on interior face of studs <b>b.</b> Interior vapor retarder (where required by design) 1 layer of maximum 6-mil polyethylene plastic <b>c.</b> Cavity insulation: None or any noncombustible insulation (faced or unfaced) <b>d.</b> Floorline firestopping for balloon framed walls: 4 lb/cu foot mineral wool (e.g. Thermafiber®) in each stud cavity and at each floorline, attached with Z-clips or equivalent <b>e.</b> Exterior sheathing: 1/2-inch or 5/8-inch thick exterior grade gypsum sheathing; FRT Plywood or LP Flameblock (2-sided)

### SECTION B: AIR/WATER-RESISTIVE BARRIER

<b>1. WeatherSeal Spray &amp; Roll-On Vapor permeable barriers</b>	With 4" SikaWall-9000 Sheathing 4 Fabric reinforcement or 20-mils SikaWall-80 MaxFlash Liquid Flashing Membrane at sheathing joints
<b>2. WeatherBlock VB AB Class 1 vapor retarder</b>	With 4" SikaWall-9000 Sheathing 4 Fabric reinforcement or 20-mils SikaWall-80 MaxFlash Liquid Flashing Membrane at sheathing joints

### SECTION C: EXTERIOR INSULATION SELECTIONS FOR WALL ASSEMBLIES WITH WEATHERSEAL AIR/WATER-RESISTIVE BARRIERS

<b>1. None</b>	
<b>2. Any unfaced noncombustible insulation</b> (e.g. mineral wool)	
<b>3. Expanded Polystyrene Foam (EPS)</b>	<b>a.</b> Maximum 2.4-inch NEOPOR GPS Plus Type II Rigid Insulation Board <b>b.</b> Maximum 2.5-inch thickness ASTM C578 Type II EPS (must be ASTM E84 Class A) <b>c.</b> Maximum 2-inch thickness ASTM C578 Type IX EPS (must be ASTM E84 Class A)
<b>4. Extruded Polystyrene Foam (XPS)</b>	Maximum 3-inch thickness, ASTM C578 Type IV or Type X (must be ASTM E84 Class A)
<b>5. Polyisocyanurate Foam</b>	Maximum thickness of all polyisocyanurate foam: 3-inches. Air/Water-Resistive Barrier: Parex WeatherSeal Spray & Roll-On; WeatherBlock VB AB. <b>a.</b> Sika Rmax: 1. Durasheath; 2. Thermasheath; 3. ECOMAXci Ply (maximum 3/4" FRT PW); 4. ECOMAXci FR Air Barrier; 5. COMAXci FR <b>b.</b> Atlas: 1. EnergyShield Pro; 2. EnergyShield Pro2; <b>c.</b> Hunter: 1. Xci Class A; 2. Xci CG; 3. XciPly (maximum 3/4" FRT PW) <b>d.</b> Carlisle 1. R2+Base; 2. R2+ Matte; 3. R2+ Silver



## SECTION D: PAREX EXTERIOR CLADDING SYSTEMS

### 1. WaterMaster CI Design

- a. Maximum 12-inch thickness ASTM C578 Type I EPS (must be ASTM E84)\*
  - b. Maximum 4-inch thickness ASTM C578 Type I EPS (must be ASTM E84)\* with SikaWall-1000 MaxGrip Veneer Adhesive and adhered veneer (eg. thin brick, stone, tile)
- \*EPS insulation used in Parex WaterMaster CI must meet Parex specifications

### 2. WaterMaster GPS

- a. Maximum 12-inch thickness NEOPOR GPS Type I Rigid Insulation Board
  - b. Maximum 7.8-inch thickness NEOPOR GPS PLUS Type II Rigid Insulation Board\*
- \* Neopor insulation used in WaterMaster GPS must meet Parex specifications

### 3. SikaWall Stucco CI Assemblies

- a. Maximum 2.5-inch thickness of ASTM C578 Type II EPS must be ASTM E84 Class A)
- b. Maximum 2.4-inch thickness NEOPOR GPS PLUS Type II Rigid Insulation Board
- c. Maximum 3-inch thickness of ASTM C578 Type XI EPS (must be ASTM E84 Class A)
- d. Maximum 1.7-inch thickness of ASTM C578 Type IX EPS must be ASTM E84 Class A)
- e. Maximum 3-inch thickness XPS, ASTM C578 Type IV or Type X (must be ASTM E84 Class A)
- f. Maximum 3-inch thickness, Atlas EnergyShield Pro
- g. Maximum 3-inch thickness, Atlas EnergyShield Pro2
- h. Maximum 3-inch thickness, Hunter Xci Class A
- i. Maximum 3-inch thickness, Hunter Xci CG
- j. Maximum 3-3/4-inch thickness, Hunter Xci Ply (maximum 3-inch foam, maximum 3/4-inch plywood)
- k. Maximum 3-inch thickness, Carlisle R-2+ Sheathe, R2+ Mat or R2+ Silver
- l. Maximum 3-inch thickness, unfaced noncombustible insulation (e.g. mineral wool)
- m. Maximum 3-inch thickness Sika Rmax\*:
  - 1. Durasheath 2. Thermasheath 3. ECOMAXci Ply 4. ECOMAXci FR
  - 5. ECOMAXci FR Air Barrier, \*WeatherSeal Spray & Roll-On, WeatherBlock VB AB

**NOTE: Interior sheathing must be 5/8" type X gypsum wallboard for all CI Stucco systems**

### 4. WaterMaster NC

- a. Maximum 4-inch thickness ASTM C612 Type IV mineral wool
- \*Mineral wool insulation used in Parex Water Master NC must meet requirement outlined in the system specification.

## SECTION D: EXTERIOR CLADDING

Wall Assemblies using WeatherSeal Air/Water-Resistive Barriers

5. Heavy, Noncombustible Cladding Assemblies	<p>These systems are characterized by their high mass, inorganic composition and noncombustible nature. <b>All of the insulation systems listed in Section C can be used with the heavy cladding systems listed below.</b> Interior gypsum sheathing must be 5/8" thick. Atlas polyisocyanurate insulation also requires 5/8" thick exterior gypsum sheathing.</p> <p><b>BRICK</b> - Standard nominal 4" thick clay brick with standard brick veneer anchors installed maximum 24" on center vertically on each stud with a maximum 2" air gap between the brick and exterior insulation.</p> <p><b>STUCCO</b> - ASTM C926 three coat stucco, minimum 3/4" thick, Permalath 1000 or Metal Plaster Base per ASTM C1063, portland cement stucco finish, paint or textured acrylic finish.</p> <p><b>STONE VENEER</b> - Minimum 2" thick limestone, natural stone or minimum 1-1/2" thick cast artificial stone.</p> <p><b>TERRA COTTA</b> - Minimum 1-1/4" thick non-open jointed. Any standard non-open jointed installation technique can be used.</p> <p><b>LIMESTONE OR NATURAL STONE VENEER</b> - Minimum 2" thick (or minimum 1-1/2" thick) cast artificial stone installed using a standard installation technique.</p> <p><b>CONCRETE</b> - Minimum 1-1/2" thick concrete masonry unit (CMU), precast concrete or artificial cast stone. Any standard non-open jointed installation technique can be used.</p>
6. Metal Skin Noncombustible Exterior Wall Covering of Steel or Copper	<p>Any standard installation technique can be used. Options listed in <b>Section C1, C2 or C5 are acceptable</b> (no insulation, noncombustible insulation or certain polyisocyanurate insulation). Interior and gypsum sheathing must be 5/8" thick.</p>
7. Cement Board Siding	<p>Any standard installation technique can be used (maximum 2" air gap). Options listed in <b>Section C1, C2 or C5 are acceptable</b> (no insulation, noncombustible insulation or certain polyisocyanurate insulation).</p>
8. Metal Composite (MCM or ACM) Panels	<p>Use any MCM or ACM panel that has passed NFPA 285 (maximum 2" air gap). Options listed in <b>Section C1, C2 or C5 are acceptable</b> (no insulation, noncombustible insulation or certain polyisocyanurate insulation). Interior and gypsum sheathing must be 5/8" thick.</p>
9. Reynobond ZCM Zinc Alloy Composite Panel System	<p>Any standard installation technique can be used. Options listed in <b>Section C1, C2 or C5 are acceptable</b> (no insulation, noncombustible insulation or certain polyisocyanurate insulation). Interior and gypsum sheathing must be 5/8" thick.</p>
10. Autoclaved Aerated Concrete Panels that have passed NFPA 285 criteria	<p>Options listed in <b>Section C1, C2 or C5 are acceptable</b> (no insulation, noncombustible insulation or certain polyisocyanurate insulation). Interior and gypsum sheathing must be 5/8" thick.</p>
11. Stone/Aluminum honeycomb composite building panels that have passed NFPA 285 criteria.	<p>Any standard installation technique can be used. Options listed in <b>Section C1, C2 or C5 are acceptable</b> (no insulation, noncombustible insulation or certain polyisocyanurate insulation). Interior and gypsum sheathing must be 5/8" thick.</p>





*Parex systems can create a multiple cladding appearance with continuous exterior insulation and a seamless air/water-resistive barrier*



*WeatherSeal air/water-resistive barriers can provide seamless monolithic protection on buildings with multiple claddings*





*Brick, granite, and cut stone are some of the popular appearances created by Parex Systems.*



*Parex WaterMaster CI, incorporating Sika's Wood Grain Effects, can produce an energy efficient building with endless design possibilities.*



## **THERMAL, MECHANICAL, WATER DRAINAGE, AND FIRE PERFORMANCE OF PAREX SYSTEMS**

Parex systems listed in this guide comply with NFPA 285 and NFPA 268 requirements, and use materials that provide ASTM E84 Class A performance. Please see the respective system brochures for more information, or contact Sika's Technical Support at 800-589-1336.

Parex system details and guide specifications that are consistent with the NFPA 285 performance listed in this guide. These details and specifications are also consistent with other relevant standards. Design professionals who specify Parex Systems installed per Sika's instructions are specifying code compliant systems.

## **MIND THE DETAILS WHEN SPECIFYING NFPA 285 COMPLIANT WALL ASSEMBLIES**

The NFPA 285 compliant wall assemblies outlined in this brochure may be subject to additional fire performance and building code requirements. Design professionals should ensure that all relevant requirements are met.

The wall assemblies listed in this section have been tested using specific termination detailing at the window rough opening. These details vary by assembly. Design professionals should consult with the manufacturer of the specific insulation and/or cladding materials listed in this guide to obtain and specify relevant rough opening details.

Failure to correctly detail system determinations at rough openings will result in wall assemblies that do not comply with NFPA 285 requirements.

***“Design professionals  
who specify Parex  
Systems installed  
per Sika’s instructions  
are specifying code  
compliant systems.”***



*Parex systems are detailed in accordance with prevailing code requirements*



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