Revision Date 08/27/2021



SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name	:	Sikafloor [®] -2870 Line Striping Part A safety blue/green
Company name	:	Sika Corporation
		201 Polito Avenue Lyndhurst, NJ 07071 USA www.sikausa.com
Telephone	:	(201) 933-8800
Telefax	:	(201) 804-1076
E-mail address	:	ehs@sika-corp.com
Emergency telephone	:	CHEMTREC: 800-424-9300 INTERNATIONAL: +1-703-527-3887
Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use	:	For further information, refer to product data sheet.

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)				
Skin irritation	Category 2			
Eye irritation	Category 2A			
Skin sensitization	Category 1			
Carcinogenicity (Inhalation)	Category 1A			
GHS label elements Hazard pictograms				
Signal Word	Danger			
Hazard Statements	H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H350 May cause cancer by inhalation.			
Precautionary Statements	Prevention:			

Revision Date 08/27/2021



P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P261 Avoid breathing mist or vapors.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P272 Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. **Response:**P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P308 + P313 IE exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.

P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.

P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Storage:

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Additional Labeling

There are no ingredients with unknown acute toxicity used in a mixture at a concentration >= 1%.

Other hazards

None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Mixtures

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentra- tion (% w/w)
bisphenol-F-(epichlorhydrin) epoxy resin	28064-14-4	Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2A; H319 Skin Sens. 1; H317	>= 30 - < 50
barium sulfate	7727-43-7		>= 10 - < 20
bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin) epoxy resin	25068-38-6	Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2A; H319 Skin Sens. 1; H317	>= 1 - < 5
Quartz (SiO2)	14808-60-7	Carc. 1A; H350i STOT RE 1; H372	>= 0.1 - < 1



Revision Date 08/27/2021

STOT SE 3; H335

Actual concentration is withheld as a trade secret

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES					
General advice	:	Move out of dangerous area. Consult a physician. Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attend- ance.			
If inhaled	:	Move to fresh air. Consult a physician after significant exposure.			
In case of skin contact	:	Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Wash off with soap and plenty of water. If symptoms persist, call a physician.			
In case of eye contact	:	Immediately flush eye(s) with plenty of water. Remove contact lenses. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.			
If swallowed	:	Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Obtain medical attention.			
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	:	irritant effects sensitizing effects Allergic reactions Excessive lachrymation Erythema Dermatitis Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause cancer by inhalation.			
Notes to physician	:	Treat symptomatically.			

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir- cumstances and the surrounding environment.
Further information	:	Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.
Special protective equipment	:	In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.



Revision Date 08/27/2021

for fire-fighters

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec- tive equipment and emer- gency procedures	:	Use personal protective equipment. Deny access to unprotected persons.
Environmental precautions	:	Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Advice on protection against fire and explosion	:	Normal measures for preventive fire protection.
Advice on safe handling	:	 Avoid exceeding the given occupational exposure limits (see section 8). Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. For personal protection see section 8. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area. Follow standard hygiene measures when handling chemical products.
Conditions for safe storage	:	Store in original container. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Observe label precautions. Store in accordance with local regulations.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parame- ters / Permissible concentration	Basis
barium sulfate	7727-43-7	TWA (Inhal- able particu-	5 mg/m3	ACGIH

Revision Date 08/27/2021



		late matter)		
		TWA (total dust)	15 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
		TWA (respir- able fraction)	5 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
		TWA (Total dust)	10 mg/m3	OSHA P0
		TWA (respir- able dust fraction)	5 mg/m3	OSHA P0
Quartz (SiO2)	14808-60-7	TWA (Res- pirable par- ticulate mat- ter)	0.025 mg/m3	ACGIH
		TWA (Res- pirable dust)	0.05 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
		TWA (respir- able)	10 mg/m3 / %SiO2+2	OSHA Z-3
		TWA (respir- able)	250 mppcf / %SiO2+5	OSHA Z-3
		TWA (respir- able dust fraction)	0.1 mg/m3	OSHA P0
		TWA (Res- pirable par- ticulate mat- ter)	0.025 mg/m3 (Silica)	ACGIH
		TWA (respir- able dust fraction)	0.1 mg/m3	OSHA P0
		TWA (Res- pirable par- ticulate mat- ter)	0.025 mg/m3	ACGIH
		TWA (Res- pirable par- ticulate mat- ter)	0.025 mg/m3 (Silica)	ACGIH

The above constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

Engineering measures : Use of adequate ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. If the use of this product generates dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure below any recommended or statutory limits.

Personal protective equipment

- Respiratory protection : Use a p
- : Use a properly fitted NIOSH approved air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.



Revision Date 08/27/2021

		The filter class for the respirator must be suitable for the max- imum expected contaminant concentration (gas/vapor/aerosol/particulates) that may arise when han- dling the product. If this concentration is exceeded, self- contained breathing apparatus must be used.
Hand protection :	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is nec- essary.
Eye protection	:	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
Skin and body protection	:	Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concen- tration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the spe- cific work-place.
Hygiene measures	:	Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Wash thoroughly after handling.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	:	liquid
Color	:	blue, green
Odor	:	ether-like
Odor Threshold	:	No data available
рН	:	Not applicable
Melting point/range / Freezing	:	No data available
point Boiling point/boiling range	:	No data available
Flash point	:	> 212 °F / > 100 °C (Method: closed cup)
Evaporation rate	:	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	No data available
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	:	No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower	:	No data available

Revision Date 08/27/2021



flammability limit		
Vapor pressure	:	23 hpa
Relative vapor density	:	No data available
Density	:	1.34 - 1.40 g/cm3 (73 °F / 23 °C)
Solubility(ies) Water solubility	:	soluble
Solubility in other solvents	:	No data available
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	No data available
Autoignition temperature	:	No data available
Decomposition temperature	:	No data available
Viscosity Viscosity, dynamic	:	No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	:	> 20.5 mm2/s (104 °F / 40 °C)
Explosive properties	:	No data available
Oxidizing properties	:	No data available
Volatile organic compounds (VOC) content	:	40 g/l A+B Combined

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	:	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Chemical stability	:	The product is chemically stable.
Possibility of hazardous reac- tions	:	Stable under recommended storage conditions.
Conditions to avoid	:	No data available
Incompatible materials	:	No data available
Hazardous decomposition products	:	No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Revision Date 08/27/2021

Components:

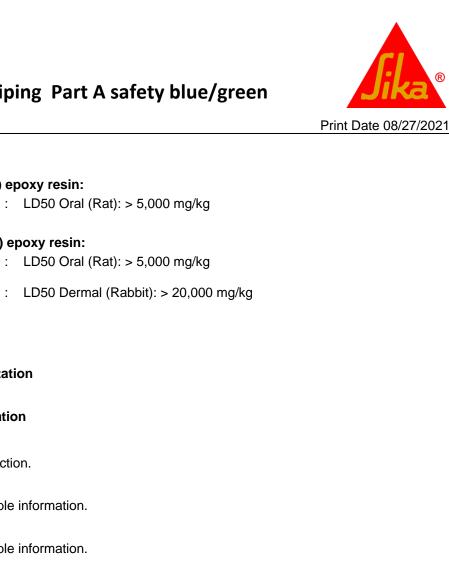
Acute oral toxicity

Acute oral toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

Causes serious eye irritation.



Respiratory sensitization Not classified based on available information.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

bisphenol-F-(epichlorhydrin) epoxy resin:

bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin) epoxy resin:

Carcinogenicity

Skin sensitization

May cause cancer by inhalation.			
IARC	Group 1: Carcinogenic to humans Quartz (SiO2) (Silica dust, crystalline)	14808-60-7	
titar	Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans titanium dioxide Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans	13463-67-7	
	Carbon black	1333-86-4	

OSHA	OSHA specifically regulated carcinogen Quartz (SiO2) (crystalline silica)	14808-60-7
NTP	Known to be human carcinogen Quartz (SiO2) (Silica, Crystalline (Respirable Size))	14808-60-7

Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.



Revision Date 08/27/2021

STOT-single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

STOT-repeated exposure

Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Further information

Product:

Remarks

: Carbon black (1333-86-4) <u>Animal Toxicity:</u> Rat, oral, duration 2 year Effect: no tumors

> Mouse, oral, duration 2 years Effect: no tumors Mouse, dermal, duration 18 months Effect: no skin tumors Rat, inhalation, duration 2 years Target organ: lungs Effect: inflammation, fibrosis, tumors Note: Tumors in the rat lung are considered to be related to the "particle overload phenomenon" rather than to a specific chemical effect of carbon black itself in the lung. These effects in rats have been reported in many studies on other poorly soluble inorganic particles and appear to be rat specific. Tumors have not been observed in other species (i.e., mouse and hamster) for carbon black or other poorly soluble particles under similar circumstances and study conditions. Mortality studies (human data): A study on carbon black production workers in the UK (Sorahan, 2001) found an increased risk of lung cancer in two of the five plant studied; however, the increase was not related to the dose of carbon black. Thus, the authors did not consider the increased risk in lung cancer to be due to carbon black exposure. A German study of carbon black workers at one plant (Morfeld, 2006; Buechte, 2006) found a similar increase in lung cancer risk but, like the Sorohan, 2001 (UK study) found no association with carbon black exposure. A large US study of 18 plants showed a reduction in lung cancer risk in carbon black production workers (DEII, 2006). Based upon these studies, the February 2006 Working Group at the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) concluded that the human evidence for carcinogenicity was inadequate (IARC, 2010). Since the IARC evaluation of carbon black, Sorahan and Harrington (2007) have re-analyzed the UK study data using an alternative exposure hypothesis and found a positive association with carbon black exposure in two of the five plants. The same exposure hypothesis was applied by Morfeld and McCunney (2009) to the German cohort; in contrast, they found no association between carbon black exposure and lung cancer risk and, thus, no support for the alternative expo-

Revision Date 08/27/2021



sure hypothesis used by Sorahan and Harrington. Overall, as a result of these detailed investigations, no causative link between carbon black exposure and cancer risk in humans has been demonstrated.

IARC CANCER CLASSIFICATION: In 2006 IARC re-affirmed its 1995 finding that there is "inadequate evidence" from human health studies to assess whether carbon black causes cancer in humans. IARC concluded that there is "sufficient evidence" in experimental animal studies for the carcinogenicity of carbon black. IARC's overall evaluation is that carbon black is "possibly carcinogenic to humans" (Group 2B)". This conclusion was based on IARC's guidelines, which generally require such a classification if one species exhibits carcinogenicity in two or more animal studies (IARC, 2010).

Solvent extracts of carbon black were used in one study of rats in which skin tumors were found after dermal application and several studies of mice in which sarcomas were found following subcutaneous injection. IARC concluded that there was "sufficient evidence" that carbon black extracts can cause cancer in animals (Group 2B).

ICGIH CANCER CLASSIFICATION: Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans (Category A3 Carcinogen).

ASSESSMENT: Applying the guidelines of self-classification under the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals, carbon black is not classified as a carcinogen. Lung tumors are induced in rats as a result of repeated exposure to inert, poorly soluble particles like carbon black and other poorly soluble particles. Rats tumors are a result of a secondary non-genotoxic mechanism that has questionable relevance for classification in humans. In support of this opinion, the CLP Guidance for Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure (STOT-RE), cites lung overload under mechanisms not relevant to humans. Human health studies show that exposure to carbon black does not increase the risk to carcinogenicity.

Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)

In lifetime inhalation studies of rats, airborne respirable-size titanium dioxide particles have shown to cause an increase in lung tumors at concentrations associated with substantial particle lung burdens and consequential pulmonary overload and inflammation. The potential for these adverse health effects appears to be closely related to the particle size and the amount of the exposed surface area that comes into contact with the lung. However, tests with other laboratory animals such as mice and hamsters, indicate that rats are significantly more susceptible to the pulmonary overload and inflammation that causes lung cancer. Epidemiological studies do not suggest an increased risk of cancer in humans from occupational exposure to titanium dioxide. Titanium dioxide has been characterized by IARC as possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group



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Revision Date 08/27/2021		Print Date 08/27/2
	2B) through inhalation (not ingestion). It has not terized as a potential carcinogen by either NTP of	
	Quartz (14808-60-7): This classification is relevant posed to Quartz (silicon dioxide) in dust or power including cured product that is subject to sanding cutting, or other surface preparation activities.	er form only,
SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFO	RMATION	
Ecotoxicity		
Components:		
bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin) epoxy resin:	
Toxicity to fish	: LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 2 Exposure time: 96 h	mg/l
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1.8 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h	
Persistence and degradabili	t y	
No data available		
Bioaccumulative potential No data available		
Mobility in soil No data available		
Other adverse effects		
Product:		
Additional ecological infor- mation	 Do not empty into drains; dispose of this material tainer in a safe way. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-terr effects in the aquatic environment. May be harmful to the environment if released in ties. Water polluting material. 	d contact with n adverse

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal	methods
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Waste from residues : Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products sh at all times comply with the requirements of environmenta protection and waste disposal legislation and any regiona local authority requirements.

Revision Date 08/27/2021

Print Date 08/27/2021

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

IATA-DGR UN/ID No. Proper shipping name	:	UN 3082 Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (epoxy resin)
Class	:	9
Packing group	:	
Labels	:	Miscellaneous
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft)	:	964
Packing instruction (passen- ger aircraft)	:	964
IMDG-Code		
UN number	:	UN 3082
Proper shipping name	:	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (epoxy resin)
Class	:	9
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	9
EmS Code	:	F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant	:	yes

Domestic regulation

49 CFR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

DOT & Domestic Aircraft: As per 49 CFR 171.4, Non-bulk materials (<119 Gal) are exempt from being classified as a Marine Pollutant. IMDG: For Limited Quantity special provisions reference IMDG Code Chapter 3.4

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

TSCA list

: All chemical substances in this product are either listed on the TSCA Inventory or are in compliance with a TSCA Inventory exemption.

CERCLA Reportable Quantity

Listed substances in the product are at low enough levels to not be expected to exceed the RQ





SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

Listed substances in the product are at low enough levels to not be expected to exceed the RQ

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards	Respiratory or skin sensitization Carcinogenicity Skin corrosion or irritation Serious eye damage or eye irritation
SARA 313 :	This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

Clean Air Act

This product does not contain any hazardous air pollutants (HAP), as defined by the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 112 (40 CFR 61).

California Prop. 65

MARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Titanium dioxide, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer, and Oxirane, (chloromethyl)- Epichlorohydrin, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH OSHA P0		USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) USA. OSHA - TABLE Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants -
	•	1910.1000
OSHA Z-1	:	USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Lim-
		its for Air Contaminants
OSHA Z-3	:	USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-3 Mineral Dusts
ACGIH / TWA	:	8-hour, time-weighted average
OSHA P0 / TWA		8-hour time weighted average
OSHA Z-1 / TWA	:	8-hour time weighted average
OSHA Z-3 / TWA		8-hour time weighted average

Notes to Reader

The information contained in this Safety Data Sheet applies only to the actual Sika Corporation ("Sika") product identified and described herein. This information is not intended to address, nor does it address the use or application of the identified Sika product in combination with any other material, product or process. All of the information set forth herein is based on technical data regarding the identified product that Sika believes to be reliable as of the date hereof. Prior to each use of any Sika product, the user must always read and follow the warnings and instructions on the product's current Product Data Sheet, product label and Safety Data Sheet for each Sika product, which are available at web site and/or telephone number listed in Section 1 of this SDS.



Revision Date 08/27/2021

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Revision Date 08/27/2021

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